A Few Remarks On AdS/CFT

Edward Witten

Strings 2017, Tel Aviv, June 30, 2017

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- Perturbative string theory the oldest miraculous-looking
- Nonperturbative dynamics reached maturity in the mid-1990's
- AdS/CFT or gauge/gravity duality just a few years later

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Critics used to be fond of saying that string theory is "just perturbation theory."

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Critics used to be fond of saying that string theory is "just perturbation theory." What convinces us that this is wrong

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- The ability to get an extremely rich and delicately consistent understanding of strong coupling behavior made the contrary hypothesis implausible.
- Finally the clincher was the AdS/CFT correspondence, which gave a nonperturbative formulation of string theory in many situations ... though an enigmatic formulation that in many way still baffles us today.

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 The question of whether string theory exists beyond perturbation theory

When I say that many traditional arguments became obsolete, I am referring to

- The question of whether string theory exists beyond perturbation theory
- The question of whether it admits a background independent formulation

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Other matters we will come to in a moment.

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After 1997, though we still don't really understand QCD, we at least understand that many four-dimensional gauge theories are equivalent to string theories in the large N limit and this understanding has led to interesting new models of confinement and chiral symmetry breaking and increased our confidence in what we know.

So QCD is an area where ${\rm AdS}/{\rm CFT}$ shed some unexpected and long-awaited light, at least in spirit.

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(However, I would not quite claim that QCD is an area where AdS/CFT made traditional arguments obsolete, mainly because there really weren't any physicists or pundits criticizing the idea that QCD might be equivalent to a string theory.)

Black holes are an area where $\mathsf{AdS}/\mathsf{CFT}$ actually did make some traditional arguments obsolete.

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Black holes are an area where AdS/CFT actually did make some traditional arguments obsolete. For one thing, it became extremely clear that black hole evaporation and decay can occur in the framework of conventional, unitary quantum mechanics.

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Black holes are an area where AdS/CFT actually did make some traditional arguments obsolete. For one thing, it became extremely clear that black hole evaporation and decay can occur in the framework of conventional, unitary quantum mechanics. But more broadly, to the extent that there were lingering doubts 20 years ago about the basic correctness of the Hawking process and all that surrounds it, these doubts have become obsolete.

It is one thing to argue on somewhat abstract grounds that absorption of an incoming particle by a black hole, followed by relaxation of the hole, is analogous to thermalization of an ordinary material body.

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Anyway, the upshot is that we are now living in a fascinating period with a lot of fresh thinking about entanglement entropy, quantum information, black holes, quantum mechanics and gravity, and more.

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Anyway, the upshot is that we are now living in a fascinating period with a lot of fresh thinking about entanglement entropy, quantum information, black holes, quantum mechanics and gravity, and more. There are a lot of new ideas and loose threads that give at least some hope that the third decade of AdS/CFT will be the most exciting. (Too many talks at this conference for me to list them.)

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To illustrate another issue where progress is called for, I offer the following picture (see for example D. Marolf, arXiv:0810.4886 for related discussion):

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I'd like to believe that such spacetimes correspond, roughly, to unstable saddle points of the large N theory (or maybe sometimes or more accurately, to saddle points of the large N effective theory that are not actually on the appropriate integration cycle). But I really don't know if that point of view is viable given the many examples in the literature that appear to raise this puzzle.